YAMARIN 1 (65)



42 Open S, 42 Open L, 44 Side Console, 46 Side Console, 47 Twin Console, 50 Side Console, 50 Side Console, 50 Twin Console

OWNER'S MANUAL

FOREWORD

Dear Owner of the Finnish Yamarin-boat! We thank you for choosing Yamarin and wish you many pleasant experiences while on the water.

The intention of this manual is to help you to operate your craft with safety and pleasure. It contains details of the craft, the equipment supplied or fitted, its systems and information on its operation, care and maintenance. Please read it carefully, and familiarise yourself with the craft before using it.

Naturally, owner's manual is not a course on boating safety or seamanship. If this is your first craft, or you are changing to a type of craft you are not familiar with, for your own comfort and safety, please ensure that you obtain handling and operating experience before "assuming command" of the craft. Your dealer or national sailing federation or yacht club will be pleased to advise you of local sea schools, or competent instructors.

Ensure that the anticipated wind and sea conditions will correspond to the design category of your craft, and that you and your crew are able to handle the craft in these conditions. The sea and wind conditions corresponding to the design categories A, B, and C range from severe storm conditions to strong conditions, and are open to the hazards of a freak wave or gust. Even when your boat is categorised for them, they are dangerous conditions, where only a competent, fit and trained crew using a well maintained craft can satisfactorily operate.

This owner's manual is not a detailed maintenance or trouble shooting guide. In case of difficulty, refer to the manufacturer or his representative. Always use trained and competent people for maintenance, fixing or modifications. Modifications that may affect the safety characteristics of the craft shall be assessed, executed and documented by competent people. The manufacturer cannot be held responsible for modifications he has not approved.

In some countries a driving licence or authorisation are required, or specific regulations are in force.

Always maintain your craft properly and make allowance for the deterioration that will occur in time and as a result of heavy use or misuse of the craft.

Any craft – no matter how strong it may be, can be severely damaged if not used properly. This is not compatible with safe boating. Always adjust the speed and direction of the craft to sea conditions.

If your craft is fitted with a life raft, read carefully its operating manual. The craft should have onboard the appropriate safety equipment (lifejackets, harness, etc.) according to the type of craft, weather conditions, etc., these equipments are mandatory in some countries. The crew should be familiar with the use of all safety equipment and emergency manoeuvring (man overboard recovery, towing, etc). Sailing schools and clubs regularly organise drill sessions.

All persons should wear a suitable buoyancy aid (Life jacket/Personal Floatation Device) when on deck. Note that in some countries it is a legal requirement to wear a buoyancy aid that complies with their national regulations at all times

We wish you lots of fun and hope you have a good time on board your YAMARIN!

KoneKesko Marine P.O.B. 145 FIN-01301 VANTAA

Telephone +358 10 5311 www.kesko-marine.com www.yamarin.com

PLEASE KEEP THIS MANUAL IN A SECURE PLACE, AND HAND IT OVER TO THE NEW OWNER IF YOU SELL THE CRAFT."

YAMARIN 4 (65)

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BEFORE YOU START

Familiarise yourself with this owner's manual.

Always check at least the following items before leaving:

Weather state and forecast

Take the wind, waves and visibility into account. Are the design category, size and equipment of your boat, as well as the skills of the skipper and crew adequate for the water area you are aiming to? In high wind and waves the hatches must be closed to prevent water ingression

Loading

Do not overload the craft, distribute loads appropriately. To avoid impairment of the stability, do not place heavy weights high up.

- Passengers

Ensure that there is lifejackets for all people on board. Agree about the crew tasks before leaving.

- Fuel

Check that there is enough fuel, also reserve 20 % for bad weather etc.

- Engine and equipment

Check function and condition of steering, electric equipment and battery, and do the routine checks required by the owner's manual of the engine. Check the seaworthiness in other aspects also: no leaks of fuel or water, safety equipment on board etc. Check that bilge water is at a minimum.

Ventilation

Take care of tank compartmets ventilation.

- Fastening of equipment

Check that all equipment and heavy items are positioned so that they hold in place also in seaway and hard wind.

Nautical charts

If you are not navigating on totally familiar waters, do you have on board nautical charts covering an area large enough?

Leaving the berth

Agree with the crew, who will release each mooring line etc. Be careful not to let mooring lines or other ropes to entangle the propeller during manoeuvring.

- Obligatory equipment

Each country has different regulations. Find out what are the needs in Your own area.

You will find additional instructions concerning the engine from its separate manual.

Own notes

1 General

The Owner's manual will help you to familiarise with the properties and features of your new boat, as well as with its care and maintenance. Separate manuals of the installed equipments are attached and are referred to in many sections. You can of course complement this owner's manual by adding the manuals of the devices which are installed afterwards. There is also space for your own notes in the end of this manual.

The craft has a running serial number, CIN-code. The CIN-code is labelled on the hull of the craft on the aft part at right side / on outer surface of transom beneath the edge rail. You can write down the relevant CIN-code in the declaration of confirmity. When you have affairs with the manufacturer or dealer, please tell the CIN-code and the type of craft. This helps in delivering correct spare parts. If you need gelcoat for repairs, tell the code of the relevant colour when ordering.

1.1 Declaration of conformity

Manufacturer: See CIN-code and manufacturer list				
Module used (check): A - Aa - B+C X B+D - B+F - G - H -				
THE DECLARATION IS	S PLACED ON THE MARKET BY			
Placed on the market by: Konekesko Oy Marin	e			
Address: Vanha Porvoontie 245				
Zip code: 01380	City: Vantaa			
Land: (code):FIN	(printed): SUOMI, FINLAND			
NOTIFIED	BODY			
Name: VTT-Tuotteet ja Tuotanto	Identification number: 0537			
Address: PL1705				
Zip code:FIN 02044 VTT	City:			
Land: (code) FIN (printed) SUOMI, FINLAND				
If EC type-examination certificate has been issued (certificate number and				
DESCRIPTION O	OF THE CRAFT			
Hull identification number (CIN):				
Brand name of the craft:	YAMARIN			
Type or number:	42 Open S/42 Open L			
Design category:	D			
Type of craft *:	03			
Type of hull *:	01			
Deck *:	03			
Construction material *: 02				
Propulsion *: 02				
Type of engine *: 01				
Maximum recommended engine power (kW):	14,7			
Length and beam of hull (m):	4,13/1,67			
Draught (m):				

^{*} codes on opposite side

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \textbf{Name:} & Peter\ Krusberg \\ \textbf{The person empowered to sign} \end{array}$

Product Manager

Date (yr/mo/day): $2004 \ / \ 09 \ / \ 20$

Type of craft:	Deck:	
01 sailboat	01 decked	
02 inflatable	02 partly decked	
03 other: motorboat	03 open:	
Type of hull:	Propulsion:	
01 monohull	01 sails	
02 multihull	02 petrol engine	
03 other:	03 diesel engine	
	04 electrical motor	
	05 oars	
	06 other:	
Construction material:	Type of engine:	
01 aluminium, aluminium alloys	01 outboard	
02 plastic, fiber reinforced plastic	02 inboard	
03 steel, steel alloys	03 z or sterndrive	
04 wood	04 other:	
05 other:		

Essential requirements	ISO-standards used	Other normative document used
2.55cm ar requirements	150-standards deta	other normative document used
General requirements (2)		
Hull Identification Number – CIN (2.1)	ISO 100087	
Builder's Plate (2.2)	ISO 11592	RSG Gguidelines
Protection from falling overboard and means of reboarding (2.3)	RSG Gguidelines	
Visibility from the main steering position (2.4)		RSG Gguidelines NBS F10
Owner's manual (2.5)	ISO 10240	
Structure (3.1)		RSG Gguidelines, NBS-VTT Extended rule
Stability and freeboard (3.2)		RSG Gguidelines NBS F3
Buoyancy and floatation (3.3)		RSG Gguidelines NBS F12
Openings in hull, deck and superstructure (3.4)	ISO 9093, ISO 12216	
Flooding (3.5)	ISO 11812, ISO 12216, ISO 8849	RSG Gguidelines
Manufacturer's maximum recommended load (3.6)		RSG Gguidelines NBS F3
Liferaft stowage (3.7)		RSG Gguidelines
Escape (3.8)	ISO 9094	RSG Gguidelines
Anchoring, mooring and towing (3.9)		RSG Gguidelines
Handling characteristics (4)	ISO 8665, ISO11592	RSG Gguidelines NBS F10
Asennusvaatimukset (5)		
Engines and engine spaces (5.1)	ISO 11105, ISO 9094	RSG Gguidelines
Inboard engine (5.1.1)		
Ventilation (5.1.2)		
Exposed parts (5.1.3)		
Outboard engine starting (5.1.4)		
Fuel system (5.2)	ISO 10088, ISO 11105, ISO 9094	RSG Gguidelines
General – fuel system (5.2.1)		
Fuel tanks (5.2.2)		
Electrical systems (5.3)	ISO 10133, ISO 13297	RSG Gguidelines
Steering systems (5.4)	ISO 8848, ISO 10592, ISO 9775, ISO 13929	
General – steering system (5.4.1)		
Emergency arrangements (5.4.2)		
Gas systems (5.5)	ISO 10239	
Fire protection (5.6)	ISO 9094	
General – fire protection (5.6.1)		
Fire-fighting equipment (5.6.2)		
Navigation lights (5.7)		1972 COLREG
Discharge prevention (5.8)	ISO 8099	RSG Gguidelines

Manufacturer: See CIN-code and manufacturer list				
Module used (check): A - Aa - B+C X B+D - B+F - G - H -				
THE DECLARATION IS	S PLACED ON THE MARKET BY			
Placed on the market by: Konekesko Oy Marin	ne			
Address: Vanha Porvoontie 245				
Zip code: 01380	City:Vantaa			
Land: (code):FIN	(printed): SUOMI, FINLAND			
NOTIFIED	D BODY			
Name: VTT-Tuotteet ja Tuotanto	Identification number: 0537			
Address: PL1705				
Zip code:FIN 02044 VTT	City:			
Land: (code) FIN (printed) SUOMI, FINLAND				
If EC type-examination certificate has been issued (certificate number an	ad date yr/mo/day) 310/1B1/2000 , xx / xx / xx			
DESCRIPTION (OF THE CRAFT			
Hull identification number (CIN):				
Brand name of the craft:	YAMARIN			
Type or number:	44 Side Console			
Design category:	c			
Type of craft *:	03			
Type of hull *:	01			
Deck *:	03			
Construction material *:	02			
Propulsion *: 02				
Type of engine *: 01				
Maximum recommended engine power (kW): 29,4				
Length and beam of hull (m):	4,35/1,80			
Draught (m):				

* codes on opposite side

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \textbf{Name:} & Peter\ Krusberg \\ \textbf{The person empowered to sign} \end{array}$

Product Manager

Date (yr/mo/day): $2004 \ / \ 08 \ / \ 02$

Type of craft:	Deck:	
01 sailboat	01 decked	
02 inflatable	02 partly decked	
03 other: motorboat	03 open:	
Type of hull:	Propulsion:	
01 monohull	01 sails	
02 multihull	02 petrol engine	
03 other:	03 diesel engine	
	04 electrical motor	
	05 oars	
	06 other:	
Construction material:	Type of engine:	
01 aluminium, aluminium alloys	01 outboard	
02 plastic, fiber reinforced plastic	02 inboard	
03 steel, steel alloys	03 z or sterndrive	•
04 wood	04 other:	•
05 other:		

Essential requirements	ISO-standards used	Other normative document used
-		
General requirements (2)		
Hull Identification Number – CIN (2.1)	ISO 100087	
Builder's Plate (2.2)	ISO 11592	RSG Gguidelines
Protection from falling overboard and means of reboarding (2.3)	RSG Gguidelines	
Visibility from the main steering position (2.4)		RSG Gguidelines NBS F10
Owner's manual (2.5)	ISO 10240	
Structure (3.1)		RSG Gguidelines, NBS-VTT Extended rule
Stability and freeboard (3.2)	ISO 12217	RSG Gguidelines
Buoyancy and floatation (3.3)	ISO 12217	RSG Gguidelines
Openings in hull, deck and superstructure (3.4)	ISO 9093, ISO 12216	
Flooding (3.5)	ISO 11812, ISO 12216, ISO 8849	RSG Gguidelines
Manufacturer's maximum recommended load (3.6)	ISO 12217	RSG Gguidelines
Liferaft stowage (3.7)		RSG Gguidelines
Escape (3.8)	ISO 9094	RSG Gguidelines
Anchoring, mooring and towing (3.9)		RSG Gguidelines
Handling characteristics (4)	ISO 8665, ISO11592	RSG Gguidelines NBS F10
Asennusvaatimukset (5)		
Engines and engine spaces (5.1)	ISO 11105, ISO 9094	RSG Gguidelines
Inboard engine (5.1.1)		
Ventilation (5.1.2)		
Exposed parts (5.1.3)		
Outboard engine starting (5.1.4)		
Fuel system (5.2)	ISO 10088, ISO 11105, ISO 9094	RSG Gguidelines
General – fuel system (5.2.1)		
Fuel tanks (5.2.2)		
Electrical systems (5.3)	ISO 10133, ISO 13297	RSG Gguidelines
Steering systems (5.4)	ISO 8848, ISO 10592, ISO 9775, ISO 13929	
General – steering system (5.4.1)		
Emergency arrangements (5.4.2)		
Gas systems (5.5)	ISO 10239	
Fire protection (5.6)	ISO 9094	
General – fire protection (5.6.1)		
Fire-fighting equipment (5.6.2)		
Navigation lights (5.7)		1972 COLREG
Discharge prevention (5.8)	ISO 8099	RSG Gguidelines

Manufacturer: See CIN-code and manufacturer list					
Module used (check): A - Aa - B+C X B+D - B+F - G - H -					
THE DECLARATION 1	IS PLACED ON THE MARKET BY				
Placed on the market by: Konekesko Oy Mari	ne				
Address: Vanha Porvoontie 245					
Zip code: 01380	City:Vantaa				
Land: (code):FIN	(printed): SUOMI, FINLAND				
NOTIFIE					
Name: VTT-Tuotteet ja Tuotanto	Identification number: 0537				
Address: PL1705					
Zip code:FIN 02044 VTT	City:				
Land: (code) FIN (printed) SUOMI, FINLAND					
lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:					
DESCRIPTION	OF THE CRAFT				
Hull identification number (CIN):					
Brand name of the craft: YAMARIN					
Type or number:	46 Side Console				
Design category:	c				
Type of craft *:	03				
Type of hull *:	01				
Deck *:	03				
Construction material *:	02				
Propulsion *:	02				
Type of engine *: 01					
Maximum recommended engine power (kW):	44,1				
Length and beam of hull (m):	4,57/1,93				
Draught (m):					

^{*} codes on opposite side

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \textbf{Name:} & \textbf{Peter Krusberg} \\ \textbf{The person empowered to sign} \end{array}$

Product Manager

Date (yr/mo/day): $2004 \ / \ 08 \ / \ 02$

Type of craft:	Deck:	
01 sailboat	01 decked	
02 inflatable	02 partly decked	
03 other: motorboat	03 open:	
Type of hull:	Propulsion:	
01 monohull	01 sails	
02 multihull	02 petrol engine	
03 other:	03 diesel engine	
	04 electrical motor	
	05 oars	
	06 other:	
Construction material:	Type of engine:	
01 aluminium, aluminium alloys	01 outboard	
02 plastic, fiber reinforced plastic	02 inboard	
03 steel, steel alloys	03 z or sterndrive	
04 wood	04 other:	
05 other:		

Essential requirements	ISO-standards used	Other normative document used
General requirements (2)		
Hull Identification Number – CIN (2.1)	ISO 100087	
Builder's Plate (2.2)	ISO 11592	RSG Gguidelines
Protection from falling overboard and means of reboarding (2.3)	RSG Gguidelines	
Visibility from the main steering position (2.4)		RSG Gguidelines NBS F10
Owner's manual (2.5)	ISO 10240	
Structure (3.1)		RSG Gguidelines, NBS-VTT Extended rule
Stability and freeboard (3.2)	ISO 12217	RSG Gguidelines
Buoyancy and floatation (3.3)	ISO 12217	RSG Gguidelines
Openings in hull, deck and superstructure (3.4)	ISO 9093, ISO 12216	
Flooding (3.5)	ISO 11812, ISO 12216, ISO 8849	RSG Gguidelines
Manufacturer's maximum recommended load (3.6)	ISO 12217	RSG Gguidelines
Liferaft stowage (3.7)		RSG Gguidelines
Escape (3.8)	ISO 9094	RSG Gguidelines
Anchoring, mooring and towing (3.9)		RSG Gguidelines
Handling characteristics (4)	ISO 8665, ISO11592	RSG Gguidelines
Asennusvaatimukset (5)		
Engines and engine spaces (5.1)	ISO 11105, ISO 9094	RSG Gguidelines
Inboard engine (5.1.1)		
Ventilation (5.1.2)		
Exposed parts (5.1.3)		
Outboard engine starting (5.1.4)		
Fuel system (5.2)	ISO 10088, ISO 11105, ISO 9094	RSG Gguidelines
General – fuel system (5.2.1)		
Fuel tanks (5.2.2)		
Electrical systems (5.3)	ISO 10133, ISO 13297	RSG Gguidelines
Steering systems (5.4)	ISO 8848, ISO 10592, ISO 9775, ISO 13929	
General – steering system (5.4.1)		
Emergency arrangements (5.4.2)		
Gas systems (5.5)	ISO 10239	
Fire protection (5.6)	ISO 9094	
General – fire protection (5.6.1)		
Fire-fighting equipment (5.6.2)		
Navigation lights (5.7)		1972 COLREG
Discharge prevention (5.8)	ISO 8099	RSG Gguidelines

Manufacturer: See CIN-code and manufacturer list						
Module used (check): A - Aa - B+C X B+D - B+F - G - H -						
THE DECLARATION IS P	LACED ON THE MARKET BY					
Placed on the market by: Konekesko Oy Marine						
Address: Vanha Porvoontie 245						
Zip code: 01380	City:Vantaa					
Land: (code):FIN	(printed): SUOMI, FINLAND					
NOTIFIED BO	ODY					
Name: VTT-Tuotteet ja Tuotanto	Identification number: 0537					
Address: PL1705						
Zip code:FIN 02044 VTT	City:					
Land: (code) FIN	(printed) SUOMI, FINLAND					
If EC type-examination certificate has been issued (certificate number and dat	e yr/mo/day) VAL061/1B1/97 , xx / xx / xx					
DESCRIPTION OF '	THE CRAFT					
Hull identification number (CIN):						
Brand name of the craft:	YAMARIN					
Type or number:	47 Twin Console					
Design category:	С					
Type of craft *:	03					
Type of hull *:	01					
Deck *:	03					
Construction material *:	02					
Propulsion *:	02					
Type of engine *:	01					
Maximum recommended engine power (kW):	44,1					
Length and beam of hull (m):	4,70/2,01					
Draught (m):						

^{*} codes on opposite side

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \textbf{Name:} & \textbf{Peter Krusberg} \\ \textbf{The person empowered to sign} \end{array}$

Product Manager

Date (yr/mo/day): $2004 \ / \ 03 \ / \ 15$

Type of craft:	Deck:	
01 sailboat	01 decked	
02 inflatable	02 partly decked	
03 other: motorboat	03 open:	
Type of hull:	Propulsion:	
01 monohull	01 sails	
02 multihull	02 petrol engine	
03 other:	03 diesel engine	
	04 electrical motor	
	05 oars	
	06 other:	
C	T	
Construction material:	Type of engine:	
01 aluminium, aluminium alloys	01 outboard	
02 plastic, fiber reinforced plastic	02 inboard	
03 steel, steel alloys	03 z or sterndrive	
04 wood	04 other:	
05 other:		·

Essential requirements	ISO-standards used	Other normative document used		
General requirements (2)				
Hull Identification Number – CIN (2.1)	ISO 100087			
Builder's Plate (2.2)	ISO 11592	RSG Gguidelines		
Protection from falling overboard and means of reboarding	RSG Gguidelines	K3G Gguidennes		
(2.3)	K50 Oguidennes			
Visibility from the main steering position (2.4)		RSG Gguidelines NBS F10		
Owner's manual (2.5)	ISO 10240			
Structure (3.1)		RSG Gguidelines, NBS-VTT Extended rule, NBS F15		
Stability and freeboard (3.2)		RSG Gguidelines, NBS F3		
Buoyancy and floatation (3.3)		RSG Gguidelines,NBS F12		
Openings in hull, deck and superstructure (3.4)	ISO 9093, ISO 12216			
Flooding (3.5)	ISO 11812, ISO 12216, ISO 8849	RSG Gguidelines		
Manufacturer's maximum recommended load (3.6)		RSG Gguidelines, NBS F3		
Liferaft stowage (3.7)		RSG Gguidelines		
Escape (3.8)	ISO 9094	RSG Gguidelines		
Anchoring, mooring and towing (3.9)		RSG Gguidelines		
Handling characteristics (4)	ISO 8665, ISO11592	RSG Gguidelines, NBS F10		
Asennusvaatimukset (5)				
Engines and engine spaces (5.1)	ISO 11105, ISO 9094	RSG Gguidelines		
Inboard engine (5.1.1)				
Ventilation (5.1.2)				
Exposed parts (5.1.3)				
Outboard engine starting (5.1.4)				
Fuel system (5.2)	ISO 10088, ISO 11105, ISO 9094	RSG Gguidelines		
General – fuel system (5.2.1)				
Fuel tanks (5.2.2)				
Electrical systems (5.3)	ISO 10133, ISO 13297	RSG Gguidelines		
Steering systems (5.4)	ISO 8848, ISO 10592, ISO 9775, ISO 13929			
General – steering system (5.4.1)				
Emergency arrangements (5.4.2)				
Gas systems (5.5)	ISO 10239			
Fire protection (5.6)	ISO 9094			
General – fire protection (5.6.1)				
Fire-fighting equipment (5.6.2)				
Navigation lights (5.7)		1972 COLREG		
Discharge prevention (5.8)	ISO 8099	RSG Gguidelines		
L				

Manufacturer: See CIN-code and manufacturer	list
Module used (check): A - Aa - B+C	X B+D - B+F - G - H -
THE DECLARATION IS	S PLACED ON THE MARKET BY
Placed on the market by: Konekesko Oy Marin	ne
Address: Vanha Porvoontie 245	
Zip code: 01380	City:Vantaa
Land: (code):FIN	(printed): SUOMI, FINLAND
NOTIFIED) BODY
Name: VTT-Tuotteet ja Tuotanto	Identification number: 0537
Address: PL1705	
Zip code:FIN 02044 VTT	City:
Land: (code) FIN	(printed) SUOMI, FINLAND
If EC type-examination certificate has been issued (certificate number and	d date yr/mo/day) VAL70/1B1/2001 , xx / xx / xx
DESCRIPTION C	OF THE CRAFT
Hull identification number (CIN):	
Brand name of the craft:	YAMARIN
Type or number:	50 Side Console/ 50 S Side Console
Design category:	C
Type of craft *:	03
Type of hull *:	01
Deck *:	03
Construction material *:	02
Propulsion *:	02
Type of engine *:	01
Maximum recommended engine power (kW):	51,5
Length and beam of hull (m):	4,95/2,04
Draught (m):	

^{*} codes on opposite side

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \textbf{Name:} & \textbf{Peter Krusberg} \\ \textbf{The person empowered to sign} \end{array}$

Product Manager

Date (yr/mo/day): $2004 \ / \ 08 \ / \ 02$

Type of craft:	Deck:
01 sailboat	01 decked
02 inflatable	02 partly decked
03 other: motorboat	03 open:
Type of hull:	Propulsion:
01 monohull	01 sails
02 multihull	02 petrol engine
03 other:	03 diesel engine
	04 electrical motor
	05 oars
	06 other:
Construction material:	Type of engine:
01 aluminium, aluminium alloys	01 outboard
02 plastic, fiber reinforced plastic	02 inboard
03 steel, steel alloys	03 z or sterndrive
04 wood	04 other:
05 other:	

Essential requirements	ISO-standards used	Other normative document used		
Essential requirements	150-standards decu	Other normative document used		
General requirements (2)				
Hull Identification Number – CIN (2.1)	ISO 100087			
Builder's Plate (2.2)		RSG Gguidelines		
Protection from falling overboard and means of reboarding (2.3)	ISO 15085	RSG Gguidelines		
Visibility from the main steering position (2.4)		RSG Gguidelines NBS F10		
Owner's manual (2.5)	ISO 10240			
Structure (3.1)		RSG Gguidelines, NBS-VTT Extended rule		
Stability and freeboard (3.2)	ISO 12217	RSG Gguidelines		
Buoyancy and floatation (3.3)	ISO 12217	RSG Gguidelines		
Openings in hull, deck and superstructure (3.4)	ISO 9093, ISO 12216	RSG Gguidelines		
Flooding (3.5)	ISO 11812, ISO 12216, ISO 12217, ISO 15083, ISO 8849			
Manufacturer's maximum recommended load (3.6)	ISO 12217, ISO 14946	RSG Gguidelines		
Liferaft stowage (3.7)		RSG Gguidelines		
Escape (3.8)	ISO 9094	RSG Gguidelines		
Anchoring, mooring and towing (3.9)		RSG Gguidelines		
Handling characteristics (4)	ISO11592	RSG Gguidelines		
Asennusvaatimukset (5)				
Engines and engine spaces (5.1)	ISO 11105, ISO 9094	RSG Gguidelines		
Inboard engine (5.1.1)				
Ventilation (5.1.2)				
Exposed parts (5.1.3)				
Outboard engine starting (5.1.4)				
Fuel system (5.2)	ISO 10088, ISO 11105, ISO 9094	RSG Gguidelines		
General – fuel system (5.2.1)				
Fuel tanks (5.2.2)				
Electrical systems (5.3)	ISO 10133, ISO 13297	RSG Gguidelines		
Steering systems (5.4)	ISO 8847, ISO 8848, ISO 10592, ISO 9775, ISO 13929			
General – steering system (5.4.1)				
Emergency arrangements (5.4.2)				
Gas systems (5.5)	ISO 10239			
Fire protection (5.6)	ISO 9094			
General – fire protection (5.6.1)				
Fire-fighting equipment (5.6.2)				
Navigation lights (5.7)		1972 COLREG		
Discharge prevention (5.8)	ISO 8099	RSG Gguidelines		

Manufacturer: See CIN-code and manufacturer list										
Module used (check):	A - Aa -	B+C	X	B+D	- B-	+ F -	G	- H -		
THE DECLARATION IS PLACED ON THE MARKET BY										
Placed on the market by	y: Konekesko	Oy Mari	ine							
Address: Vanha Porvoon	ntie 245									
Zip code: 01380				City:	Vanta	a				
Land: (code):FIN					ted):		OMI,	FINLANI	D	
	N	OTIFIE	D D B	 ODY						
Name: VTT-Tuotteet ja T	Γuotanto			Ident	ificat	ion nı	ımbe	r: 0537		
Address: PL1705										
Zip code:FIN 02044 VT	T			City:						
Land: (code) FIN				(prin	ted)	SUOMI, FINLAND				
If EC type-examination certificate has	s been issued (certific	ate number a	ınd dat	e yr/mo/day	y) 502/	'1B1/2	2003,	xx / xx / x	X	
	DESCRI	PTION	OF '	Г НЕ С	RAFT	 Γ				
Hull identification number (CIN):										
Brand name of the craft:						YAN	IARIN	_		
Type or number:						50 T	win Con	sole		
Design category:						C				
Type of craft *:						03				
Type of hull *:						01				
Deck *:						03				
Construction material *: 02										
Propulsion *:						02				
Type of engine *: 01										
Maximum recommended engine po	ower (kW):					51,5				
Length and beam of hull (m):										
Draught (m):										

^{*} codes on opposite side

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \textbf{Name:} & Peter\ Krusberg \\ \textbf{The person empowered to sign} \end{array}$

Product Manager

Date (yr/mo/day): 2003 / 08 / 21

Type of craft:	Deck:	
01 sailboat	01 decked	
02 inflatable	02 partly decked	
03 other: motorboat	03 open:	
Type of hull:	Propulsion:	
01 monohull	01 sails	
02 multihull	02 petrol engine	
03 other:	03 diesel engine	
	04 electrical motor	
	05 oars	
	06 other:	
Construction material:	Type of engine:	
01 aluminium, aluminium alloys	01 outboard	
02 plastic, fiber reinforced plastic	02 inboard	
03 steel, steel alloys	03 z or sterndrive	•
04 wood	04 other:	•
05 other:		

Essential requirements	ISO-standards used	Other normative document used		
Essential requirements	150-standards decu	Other normative document used		
General requirements (2)				
Hull Identification Number – CIN (2.1)	ISO 100087			
Builder's Plate (2.2)		RSG Gguidelines		
Protection from falling overboard and means of reboarding (2.3)	ISO 15085	RSG Gguidelines		
Visibility from the main steering position (2.4)		RSG Gguidelines NBS F10		
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General – fire protection (5.6.1)				
Fire-fighting equipment (5.6.2)				
Navigation lights (5.7)		1972 COLREG		
Discharge prevention (5.8)	ISO 8099	RSG Gguidelines		

MANUFACTURER LIST

1.Fenix Marin Oy Lujatie 2 14500 Iittala , Suomi Finland CIN: FIFNX

2. Seliö Boats Oy Yrittäjäntie 4 09220 SAMMATTI , Suomi Finland CIN: FISEL

3.Saint Boats Ky
Wattitie 3
21530 Paimio , Suomi Finland
CIN: FISAB & 74C FIYAM

4.Esmarin Oy Tuottajantie 1 57230 Savonlinna , Suomi Finland CIN: FIESM

5.Oy Finn-Marin Ltd Kölitie 3 67900 Kokkola , Suomi Finland

CIN: FIFMN

2 Definitions

The warnings and cautions in this manual are defined as following:

DANGER! Denotes an extreme intrinsic hazard exists which would result in high

probability of death or irreparable injury if proper precautions are not

taken.

WARNING! Denotes a hazard exists which can result in injury or death if proper

precautions are not taken.

CAUTION! Denotes a reminder of safety practices or directs attention to unsafe

practices which could result in personal injury or damage to the craft or

components.

The units used in this manual are in accordance with SI-system. In some cases other units has been added in brackets. An exception is the wind speed, where Beaufort scale is used in the recreational craft directive.

3 Warranty

The boat and the equipment installed at the boatyard are guaranteed for one year according to the attached warranty clauses. Motor, isntruments and other devices are guaranteed directly by their manufacturers:

Please contact your dealer when need information of the warranty. When discoussing about warranty, please announce your boat-model and 'CIN code' (identification number). The boat's identification number is located on the right side of the transom, below the rubbing strake

4 Before use

4.1 Registering

Each country has different regulations. Find out what are the needs in Your own area.

4.2 Insurances

Boat insurance can compensate damage occurring on water or during transport. Assure insurance liability separately when lifting the boat. Insurance has also an indirect effect to safety at sea: In case of serious accident or damage, you can above all concentrate on saving the persons. The insurance companies are pleased to give more information about the insurance conditions. Each country has different regulations. Find out what are the needs in Your own area.

4.3 Training

It is advisable to practice boat handling. There is plenty of boating literature available. Navigation courses are arranged by local yacht clubs or authorities.

Each country has also different regulations. Find out what are the needs for training in Your own area.

However, you only become confident in boat handling, navigating, docking and anchoring after long practical experience.

5 Characteristics and use of your boat

5.1 General

The meaning of the Owner's manual is not to be a complete service or repair manual, but to guide the user to know the characteristics of the boat and to use his/her boat in a proper way.

5.2 Basic data

Placed on the market by: Konekesko Oy, Marine P.O.B. 145 FIN-01301 VANTAA, Tel +358 10 5311

Design category: **ABCD**

Design category is explained as follows:

Category A: This craft is designed to operate in winds that may exceed wind force 8 (Beaufort scale) and in significant wave heights of 4 m and above (see note below), and vessels largely self-sufficient. Abnormal conditions such as hurricanes are excluded. Such conditions may be encountered on extended voyages, for example across oceans, or inshore when unsheltered from the wind and waves for several hundred nautical miles.

Category B: This craft is designed to operate in winds up to Beaufort force 8 and the associated wave heights (Significant wave height up to 4 m, see note below). Such conditions may be encountered on offshore voyages of sufficient length or on coastal waters when unsheltered from the wind and waves for several dozens of nautical miles. These conditions may also be experienced on inland seas of sufficient size for the wave height to be generated.

Category C: This craft is designed to operate in winds up to Beaufort force 6 and the associated wave heights (Significant wave height up to 2 m, see note below). Such conditions may be encountered on exposed inland waters, in estuaries, and in coastal waters in moderate weather conditions.

Category D: This craft is designed to operate in winds up to Beaufort force 4 and the associated wave heights (Occasional maximum waves of 0,5 m height). Such conditions may be encountered on sheltered inland waters, and in coastal waters in fine weather.

Note: The significant wave height is the mean height of the highest one third of the waves, which approximately corresponds to the wave height estimated by an experienced observer. Some waves will be double this height.

Maximum recommended load: *See specifications*See also section 5.4 "Loading"

Main dimensions and capacities: See specifications

Craft length, breadth, draft, total weight etc. as well as tank capacities are shown in specifications.

Range of use: See design category

Your boat's desing category is shown in *specifications*.

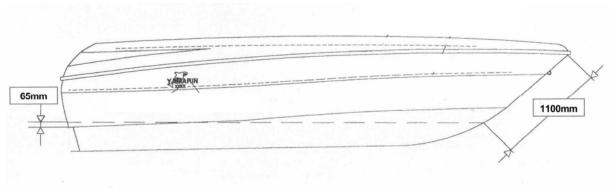
Builder's plate:

Part of the information is given on the builder's plate, which is affixed *to motorwell or net to remote control*. A full explanation of this information is given in the relevant sections of this manual.

Specifications

Boat model	YAMARIN 42 Open S / YAMARIN 42 Open L	YAMARIN 44 Side Console	YAMARI 46 Side Console	IN YAMAR N 47 Twin Console	I YAMARI N 50 Side Console/ YAMARI N 50 S Side Console	N 50 Twin Console	
Design category	D	С	С	С	С	С	
Length overall	4,13m	4,35m	4,57m	4,70m	4,95m	4,95m	
Maximum width	1,67m	1,80m	1,93m	2,01m	2,04m	2,04m	
Weight without engine, fluids and equipment	230kg	300kg	395kg	390kg	500kg	520kg	
Maximum load /	300kg/	375kg/	375kg/	375kg/	375kg/	450kg/	
persons	4+ fuel	5+ fuel	5+ fuel	5+ fuel	5+ fuel	6+ fuel	
	25kg+	25kg+	25kg+	25kg+	25kg+	25kg+	
	equipment	equipment	equipme	en equipm	e equipme	equipme	
	10kg	10kg	t 10kg	nt 10kg	_	nt 10kg	
Maximum load in	310kg	385kg	385kg	385kg	385kg	460kg	
builders plate							
Maximum engine	14,7kW/	29,4kW/	44,1kW			*	
power	20hv	40hv	60hv	60hv	60hv	60hv	
Maximum	65kg	125kg	160kg	160kg	160kg	160kg	
recommended weigh							
of engine Fuel tank capacity	25 litres /	25 litres /	25litres/	25litres	/ 25litres/	25litres/	
ruer tank capacity	20 hp	40 hp	60 hp	60 hp	60 hp	60 hp	
	engine	engine	engine	engine	engine	engine	
Material	engine	clighte	_	ed plastic			
Colour codes:			1101111010	ca plastic			
- Hull		Ashland	10015	RA	L 9016		
- Deck		Ashland			L 9016		
- Blue stripe		Ashland	39500	RA	L 5011		
Water line:							
- At stern	xx mm	80 mm	80 mm	65 mm	40 mm	40 mm	
- At bow	xx mm	940 mm	1000 mm	1100 mm	1080 mm	1080 mm	
Remote control		1,75m	2,50m	2,50m	2,75m	2,50m	
cables		_				_	
Steering cable		10'feet	11'feet	10'feet	12'feet	10'feet	

YAMARIN 31 (65)



Example figure, waterlines

5.3 Maximum number of persons

The maximum recommended number of persons on board is shown in *specifications*. See general arrangement

WARNING!

Do not exceed the maximum recommended number of persons. Regardless of the number of persons on board the total weight of persons and equipment must never exceed the maximum recommended load (see chapter Loading). Always use the seats/seating spaces provided.

5.4 Loading

The maximum recommended load of *your boat* is shown in *specifications*. This includes the for example following weights:

- a) the total weight of persons on board xx kg (the default mass of an adult is 75 kg and of a child 37,5 kg)
- b) basic equipment 10 kg
- c) consumable liquids (fresh water, fuel etc.) in portable tanks xx kg
- d) personal equipment (e.g. hobby equipment) xx kg.
- e) other stores xx kg
- f) cargo (e.g. hobby equipment) xx kg

Example calculation:

Yamrin 42 Open S, maximum recommended load = 310kg + fuel 25kg.

There is 2 adults, 2 childs, 20kg portable water tank, 10kg basic equipment and 15kg fishing equipment on board

$$2x75kg + 2x37,5kg + 20kg + 10kg + 15kg = 270kg$$

Load on board 270kg < maximum recommended load 310kg, loading of boat is OK...

WARNING!:

When loading the craft, never exceed the maximum recommended load. Always load the craft carefully and distribute loads appropriately to maintain design trim (approximately level). Avoid placing heavy weights high up.

YAMARIN 32 (65)

5.5 Engine and propeller

See *specifications* for the maximum recommended engine power and the maximum recommended engine mass.

Follow the instructions of the engine manufacturer when choosing the propeller for your craft.

5.6 Risk of flooding and stability

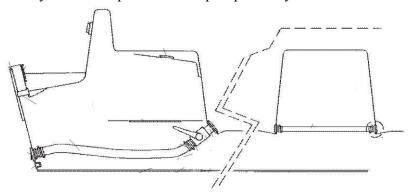
5.6.1 Openings in the hull and deck

Yamarin boats feature a draining plug at the lower end of transom. Draining the boat on land is done by opening the plug.

NOTE! Remember to fasten the draining plug before launching the boat.

Yamarin boats has a rainwater draining system, which means that rainwater is drained from the undecked part of the boat when the boat is on the water. The system also functions when the boat is out of water, provided that the bow is higher than the stern and that the rainwater drain valve is open. See location of rainwater drin valve from your boatmodels figure. This drain is meant to be shut at the maximum loading to prevent ingression of water. In other loading conditions keep the drain open.

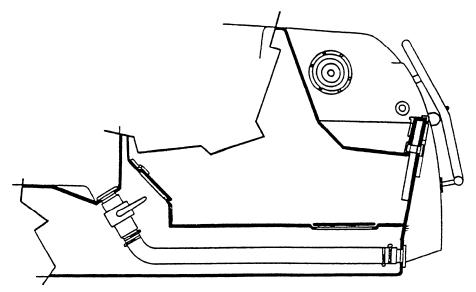
Always take scoop and/or handpump when you are at sea.



YAMARIN 42 Open S/ Yamarin 42 Open L

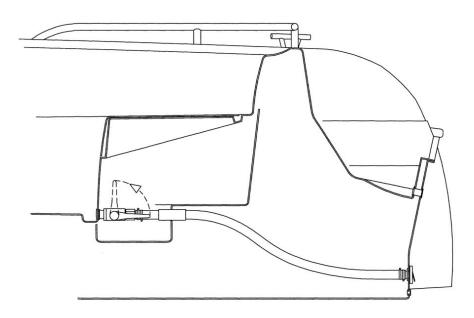
Locations of through-hull fittings and seacocks.

YAMARIN 33 (65)



YAMARIN 44 Side Console

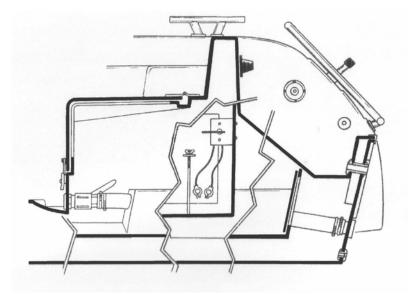
Locations of through-hull fittings and seacocks.



YAMARIN 46 Side Console

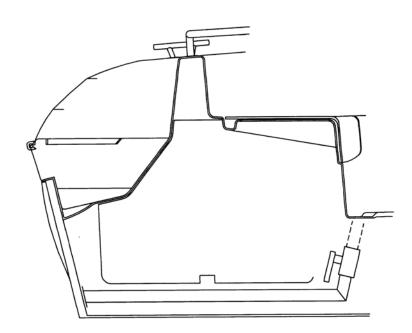
Locations of through-hull fittings and seacocks.

YAMARIN 34 (65)



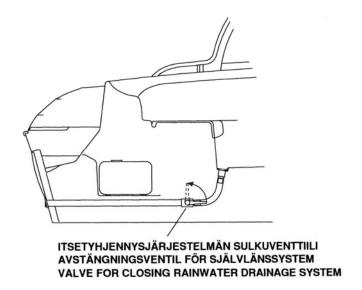
YAMARIN 47 Twin Console

Locations of through-hull fittings and seacocks.



YAMARIN 50 Side Console/ YAMARIN 50 S Side Console

Locations of through-hull fittings and seacocks.



YAMARIN 50 Twin Console

Locations of through-hull fittings and seacocks.

WARNING! Learn to use the boat's draining systems in order to be able to use them correctly in an emergency.

WARNING! Always keep the drainpipe shut when its inboard end is below waterline owing to heavy load. The shut-off flap on transom only prevents water from entering the boat when reversing!

NOTE! Make sure that water can flow unobstructed in the drainpipe. For instance, autumn leaves may obstruct the water flow, which causes the undecked space to flood, and later the bilge compartment, too.

NOTE! There is always some condensing water in the bilge. Some water may also come through hull bushings, particularly when the boat ages. Always remember to check the bilge before you leave the boat at quay or buoy for a longer period and before getting underway.

WARNING! The boat's handling properties may become extremely dangerous, if there is water in the bilge.

5.6.2 Stability and buoyancy

Please note, that stability is reduced by any weight added high up. Any change in the disposition of the masses aboard may significantly affect the stability, trim and performance of your craft. However, please be aware that large breaking waves are always a serious danger to stability.

YAMARIN is equipped with flotation material, which shoudn't be reduced, by means of them the craft floats even when swamped.

In maximum loading condition boat floats even when swamped

5.7 Risk of fire or explosion

5.7.1 Refuelling

Before you start to fill the fuel tank, turn off the engine and naturally any cigarettes. Do not operate switches or appliances that can cause spark formation.

When filling the fuel tank, do not use a plastic funnel, which prevents discharging the potential difference between the fuel pistol and the filling fitting. After filling (see tank capacity in *specification*) check that no fuel has leaked to the bilge, and clean any spilled fuel immediately.

Do not stow any reserve canisters in non-ventilated spaces or unsecured, or any equipment containing petrol in spaces not intended for that.

Do not stow any loose items in the tank space, that may move and cause damage to fuel pipes or hoses. Check annually, that the fuel hoses are not worn at lead-ins. When hose or pump is damageg or weaken, it should be removed immediately.

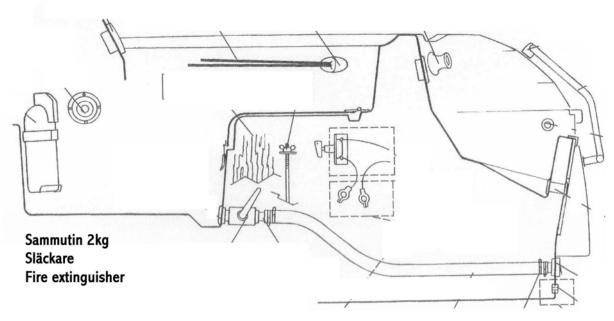
WARNING! Fuel and its vapours are highly explosive. Extreme caution must be exercised and these instructions must be followed when refuelling. The smell of fuel always means that there is vaporised fuel in the boat.

If your boat has a teak finish and you think that fuel might splash onto it when refuelling, we recommend that you wet the surface with water before refuelling. It prevents gasoline from entering into wood, and no gasoline stains are left

5.7.2 Fire protection

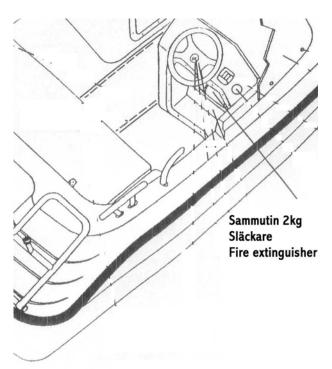
When using YAMARIN with engine over 25kW (34hp), it shall be equipped with minimum class 8A68B effect portable fire extinguisher (rating and location) shown in your boat models figure.

YAMARIN 37 (65)



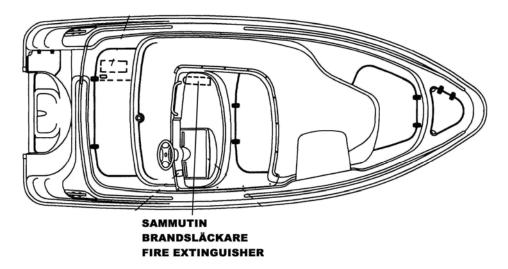
YAMARIN 46 Side Console

Location and rating of portable fire extinguisher



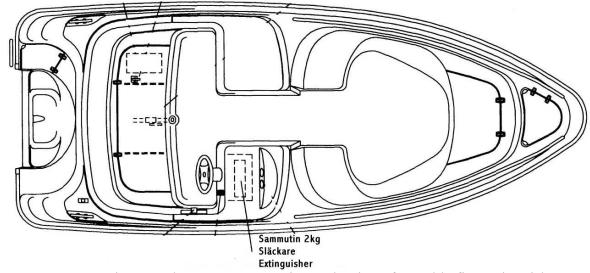
YAMARIN 47 Twin Console

Location and rating of portable fire extinguisher



YAMARIN 50 Side Console/ YAMARIN 50 S Side Console

Location and rating of portable fire extinguisher



YAMARIN 50 Twin Console

Location and rating of portable fire extinguisher

The portable fire extinguishers shall be serviced annually. Over ten years old extinguishers are not accepted without new pressure testing of the container. If you replace portable fire extinguishers, the new ones shall have at least identical fire-fighting capacity.

Ensure that fire-fighting equipment is readily accessible also when the boat is occupied. Inform members of the crew about the location and operation of fire-fighting equipment, the location of discharge openings into the engine space, and the location of routes and exits.

Keep the bilges clean and check for fuel and gas vapours or fuel leaks frequently.

YAMARIN 39 (65)

5.8 Main switch

Main switch (in the boat's battery compartment) operation:

- switch clockwise

-> battery connected

- switch counter-clockwise

-> battery disconnected

Switch off the battery when you leave the boat.

NOTE! Never switch off the main switch when the engine is running! It may damage the charger.

When a boat uses an electrically started engine of 15 kW (20 hp) or more, it normally needs an electrical system using a battery of its own.

YAMARIN 44 Side Console

The electrical system installed as standard equipment in the YAMARIN 44 Side Console boat includes the following main components:

- 1 BATTERY (not standard)
- 2 SWITCH PANEL
- 3 WIRE SET
- **4 MAIN SWITCH**
- **5 MAIN FUSE**
- 6 ELECTRIC ACCESSORIES (light mast)

YAMARIN 46 Side Console

The electrical system installed as standard equipment in the YAMARIN 46 Side Console boat includes the following main components:

- 1 BATTERY (not standard)
- 2 SWITCH PANEL
- 3 WIRE SET
- **4 MAIN SWITCH**
- 5 MAIN FUSE
- 6 ELECTRIC ACCESSORIES (light mast)

YAMARIN 47 Twin Console

The electrical system installed as standard equipment in the YAMARIN 47 Twin Console boat includes the following main components:

- 1 BATTERY (not standard)
- 2 SWITCH PANEL
- 3 WIRE SET
- 4 MAIN SWITCH
- **5 MAIN FUSE**
- 6 ELECTRIC ACCESSORIES (light mast)

YAMARIN 50 Side Console/ YAMARIN 50 S Side Console

The electrical system installed as standard equipment in the YAMARIN 50 Side Console/YAMARIN 50 Side Console boat includes the following main components:

- 1 BATTERY (not standard)
- 2 SWITCH PANEL
- 3 WIRE SET
- 4 MAIN SWITCH
- **5 MAIN FUSE**
- 6 ELECTRIC ACCESSORIES (light mast)

YAMARIN 50 Twin Console

The electrical system installed as standard equipment in the YAMARIN 50 Twin Console boat includes the following main components:

- 1 BATTERY (not standard)
- 2 SWITCH PANEL
- 3 WIRE SET
- 4 MAIN SWITCH
- **5 MAIN FUSE**
- 6 ELECTRIC ACCESSORIES (light mast)

In addition, an essential part of the boat's electrical system is the engine, which functions as a power source and power consumer. Cables for connecting the engine with the boat's electrical system are normally delivered together with the engine.

For battery (not standard) mounting the Yamarin boats have a battery acid resistant, ventilated compartment under the aft seat, where the battery can be steadily fastened.

5.9 Operation

If this is your first boat, or a boat type new to you, take someone with experience from a corresponding boat with you on the first times.

5.9.1 Controls

You will quickly learn how to control your YAMARIN -boat, but the ever changing weather conditions., like wind and waves, will always present new challenges for the driver. The boat has a cable steering system. The remote control combines the functions of throttle, forward and reverse gears, and trim angle adjustment.

5.9.2 Emergency switch

The emergency switch is a device with one end attached to the ignition switch panel and the other end to, for instance, your life vest. When the emergency switch is detached from the ignition switch panel, it automatically switches off the engine. It is extremely important that the boat stops, if, for some reason, the pilot loses his or her balance and gets thrown away from the pilot's position. Never drive the boat without attaching the emergency switch onto yourself. If you attach it to your arm, do not steer the boat with that hand, because the lanyard may twine around the steering wheel in tight turns.

The engine does not start if the emergency switch is not attached to the ignition switch panel.

WARNING! A rotating propeller is dangerous to anyone fallen overboard or a swimmer. Switch off the engine with the emergency switch or otherwise before a swimmer or a water skier climbs on board.

5.9.3 Gearshift and throttle

The engine is put into gear by pushing the button on the gear/throttle handle upwards with your fingers, and by pushing or pulling the gear/throttle lever forward or backward depending on which direction you are planning to set out. When the engine is in gear, you adjust the boat speed with this same gear/throttle lever.

When the boat is travelling forward slowly, you can use the reversing gear for braking, for instance, when approaching the quay. Shifting into reverse must not be done if the boat is travelling at higher speeds, because it damages the engine.

5.9.4 Adjusting the trim angle

The main rules in adjusting the trim angle are the following:

- when raising the boat to plane, keep the "bow down" position
- when the boat is planing and the sea is not too rough, raise the bow until the boat begins to porpoise or the propeller looses its bite. Then lower the bow slightly until driving feels stable. You can optimize the rig angle with the help of log book.
- In head sea, lower the bow to obtain a smoother ride.
- In following waves, raise the bow to avoid "diving".

For more detailed information, consult the engine manual.

YAMARIN 42 (65)

5.9.5 Starting the engine

- 1. Switch on the engine from the main switch.
- 2. Lower the engine to the driving position by pressing the Power Trim button on the gear/throttle handle with your thumb.
- 3. Use the hand pump bulb on the fuel hose to pump fuel from the tank until the bulb becomes hard.
- 4. Check that the gear/throttle handle is in neutral position and that the safety switch is attached.
- 5. Start the engine by turning the ignition key clockwise.
- 6. If needed, use choke and hand throttle.
- 7. After the engine has started, let it run at idle speed for a few minutes before getting underway. (See the engine manual.)

For more detailed information, consult the engine manual.

5.9.6 Driving

Driving in nice weather and calm sea is easy, but remember to arrange proper lookout as the International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea (COLREG) require. Always ensure that the visibility from the helm station is as good as possible:

- place passengers so that they do not restrict your visibility
- do not drive near planing speed for long periods, as driving bow up restricts visibility
- when visibility is poor, look over the windshield
- keep a lookout also behind you, particularly on fairways.

Use proper navigation lights when it is dark.

Learn the Rules of the Road and follow the directions given in them, and requirements of COLREG (International regulations for preventing collisions at sea). Navigate with care and use new or updated nautical charts. Always adjust your speed to the conditions and to the environment. Take into account the following:

- waves (also consult the passengers about a comfortable speed)
- your boat's wash (biggest when starting to plane, smallest when travelling at displacement speed or at less than 5 kn)
- visibility (islands, fog, rain, driving against the sun)
- familiarity with the route (time needed for navigation)
- narrowness of the route (other traffic, noise and wash at shore)

When running at low speed, a planing boat's directional stability is poorer than at higher speed. So be careful in narrow passages and when meeting other boats.

The running position of the boat greatly affects the driving qualities and fuel consumption. The boat's best operational position may be achieved by:

- proper placing of the load. A rule of thumb: keep bow as light as possible.

- adjusting the engine's trim angle

The combination of the right operational position with the right speed also make driving in rough water more comfortable and safer.

WARNING! Sudden steering movements at high speed may cause loss of control and great heeling angles in a high sea.

5.9.7 Approaching the dock

Practise boat manoeuvring skills needed when approaching a dock. Choose a wide space before entering a crowded marina.

A very gentle throttle application does not generate sufficient steering power. Sharp but short throttle applications enable efficient steering movements.

See to it that everyone on board who does not have to stand up is seated when you are approaching the dock. Sudden steering movements may cause the boat to sway and someone to get injured.

Before docking, prepare the ropes at stern and bow. Approach the dock bow first at a narrow angle. Just before touching the dock, steer against the dock and shift into reverse. Apply throttle quickly and sharply. The boat will stop and turn parallel to the dock. If possible, make the approach into the wind or current, whichever is the strongest, because departure from the dock is easier when the wind or current pushes the boat from the dock. The easiest way to depart is by first pushing the stern as far away from the dock as possible. Then slowly reverse clear of the dock, shift into forward and proceed slowly.

If the wind or current is pushing the boat away from the dock, push the vessel away manually and slowly drive forward into open water before starting to make a sharp turn. If you turn the boat too sharply at the dock, the motor may hit the dock or other boats.

The propeller is designed to give its best grip in forward gear. Therefore the propeller performance is weaker in reverse. Neither does the boat have a similar steering response in reverse as in forward gear.

- WARNING! Yamarin is a fast boat. It needs time to stop from planing speed. Slow down the speed in good time in advance before beaching or docking. Learn to estimate the distance the boat needs before it stops. Remember that steering control is poor, if there is no traction.
- WARNING! Do not try to stop the boat with your hand, and do not put your arms or legs between the boat and the quay, the shore or another vessel! Practise beaching under favourable conditions! Use engine power moderately but with determination!
- NOTE! When mooring your boat, take into consideration changes in wind direction, tides, wash from other boats etc. Further information is available from, for instance, insurance companies.

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5.9.8 Use of canopy

The canopy is designed to take a maximum speed of 30 knots at sea, and 50 km/h in road transport. All press studs must be properly fastened when canopy is in use.

5.10 Proper use – other recommendations and guidelines

5.10.1 Man-overboard prevention and recovery

The man overboard situation is always serious. Rescue procedures should be practised in advance when the weather is good, because when someone has fallen overboard, there is no time for practising.

It is always easiest to help a person climb inboard from the water at the stern of the boat. A rope loop attached to the boat helps lifting. The boats' swim ladder extends 30 cm into the water. If a child has fallen overboard, an adult with a life-saving device or a fender must always jump after the child, but someone must always remain onboard the boat.

It's very important to have visual and talking contact to person in man overboard situation.

5.10.2 Securing of loose equipment

Secure safely all heavy equipment, like anchors, before leaving the quay

5.10.3 Respect for environment

Archipelagos and lakes are unique and their conservation is a matter of honour for boaters, too. Therefore you should avoid

- fuel and oil leakages
- emptying garbage and waste into the water or on the shore
- letting detergents and solvents get into the water
- loud noise on the water or at marinas
- producing unnecessarily high wash in narrow passages and shallo waters.

Service the engine well and run it economically, which also keeps exhaust emission low.

We all have public right of access to nature, which means that we can enter somebody else's land, with the exception of the yard, provided that we do not cause any damage or inconvenience. This right also includes public access to waterways, and temporary anchoring, swimming and going ashore at unoccupied places, provided that it is not expressly and officially forbidden. Anchoring near occupied beaches is forbidden. Also you are not allowed to moor your boat at a private jetty, or inhabited shore without permission.

You may camp in a tent on islands provided you do no harm to the property or disturb the property owner. Camping in a tent is forbidden near yards and cultivated fields. You may

YAMARIN 45 (65)

light a fire if you have the landowner's permission. Boaters may also pick wild berries and mushrooms, as long as they do not damage trees or nature.

Check environmental regulations of your own country and area.

5.10.4 Anchoring, mooring and towing

Moor your boat always carefully, also in sheltered places, because the conditions can change rapidly. Mooring lines should be equipped with absorbers to smoothen the tension. To prevent abrasion, use fenders that are large enough. The strong points for mooring are shown in your boat models figure, from Chapter towing.

The breaking strength of lines for mooring, towing and anchoring shall not exceed 80% of the breaking strength of the respective strong point. The breaking strengths of strong points are shown in your boat models figure. It is the owner's/operators responsibility to ensure that mooring lines, towing lines, anchor chains, anchor lines and anchors are adequate for the vessel's intended use, i.e. the lines or chains do not exceed 80% of the breaking strength of the respective strong point.

Strenght of the respective strong point and anchor weight:

YAMARIN 42 Open S/ YAMARIN 42 Open L

-	Forward	8,3 kN
-	Backwards	5,8 kN

- Anchor 6 kg (stocked anchor or drag)

YAMARIN 44 Side Console

-	Forward	10,6 kN
_	Backwards	7.4 kN

- Anchor 6 kg (stocked anchor or drag)

YAMARIN 46 Side Console

-	Forward	11,3 kN	
_	Backwards	7.9 kN	

- Anchor 6 kg (stocked anchor or drag)

YAMARIN 47 Twin Console

-	Forward	11,7 kN		
_	Backwards	8 1 kN		

- Anchor 6 kg (stocked anchor or drag)

YAMARIN 50 Side Console/ YAMARIN 50 S Side Console

-	Forward	12,5 kN
_	Backwards	8.7 kN

- Anchor 6 kg (stocked anchor or drag)

YAMARIN 46 (65)

YAMARIN 50 Twin Console

ForwardBackwards12,5 kN8,7 kN

- Anchor 6 kg (stocked anchor or drag)

When you land to a natural harbour, ensure sufficient water depth with for example a plumb line. LET THE ANCHOR GO AT SUFFICIENT DISTANCE FROM THE SHORE. A moderate grip is attained if the anchor line length is 4-5 times water depth.

WARNING! Do not try to stop the boat for hand and do not put your hand or foot between your boat and jetty, bank, or other boat. Practice landing in good conditions, use engine power with discreet but determined way.

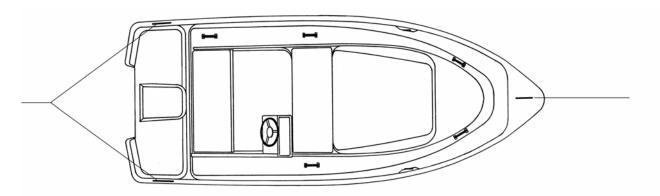
CAUTION! When mooring your boat, take wind veering, raise or fall of water level, wake of other boats etc. into account. More guidance can be got e.g. from insurance companies.

5.10.5 Towing

If you tow another boat, use adequately strong, floating line. Begin the towing carefully, avoid jerks, and do not overload the engine. If you tow a small dinghy, adjust the towing line so that the dinghy rides "downhill" on the wave. In narrow channels and large waves pull the dinghy near the transom to decrease yawing. Secure carefully all equipment in the dinghy if capsizing of it is possible. When crossing open waters, cover the dinghy to prevent ingression of spray water.

If you tow or if your boat has to be towed, attach the towing line to the strong points as shown in your boat models figure.

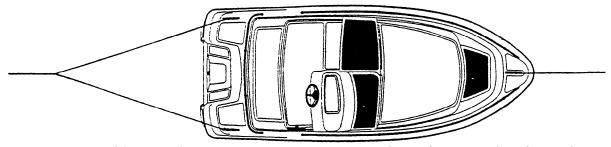
WARNING! The towing line is under high tension. If it breaks, the end of it may have highly dangerous speed. Always use a rope thick enough, and do not stay in the way of rope extension.



YAMARIN 42 Open S/ YAMARIN 42 Open L

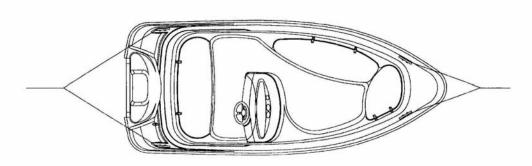
Locations of strong points for towing, anchoring and mooring.

YAMARIN 47 (65)



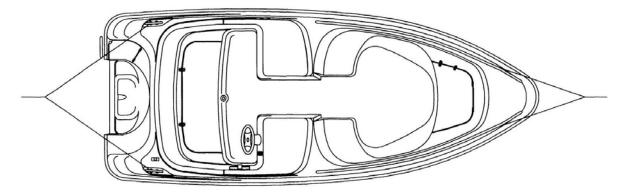
YAMARIN 44 Side Console

Locations of strong points for towing, anchoring and mooring.



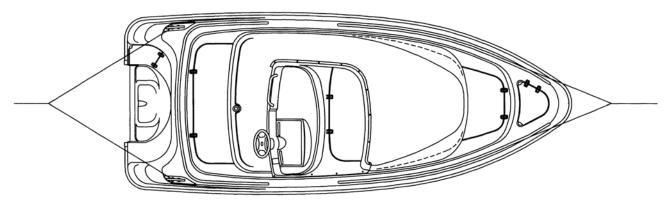
YAMARIN 46 Side Console

Locations of strong points for towing, anchoring and mooring.



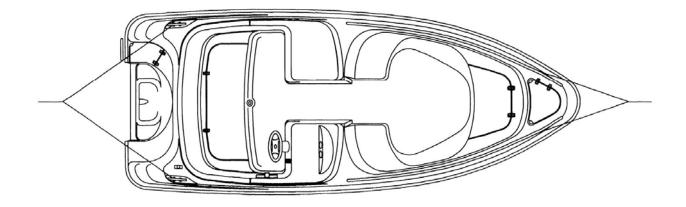
YAMARIN 47 Twin Console

Locations of strong points for towing, anchoring and mooring.



YAMARIN 50 Side Console/ YAMARIN 50 S Side Console

Locations of strong points for towing, anchoring and mooring.



YAMARIN 50 Twin Console

Locations of strong points for towing, anchoring and mooring.

5.10.6 Trailer transport

The Yamarin boats are easy boats to trailer. However, make sure that the trailer suits your boat, in other words, that it has sufficient number of supports to decrease point loads, that its capacity is sufficient for the boat, engine and accessories etc. The maximum gross trailer load is given in your car's registration certificate.

The keel supports of the trailer should carry most of the boat weight. Adjust the supports on each side so that the boat cannot sway sideways. The approximate location of the supports is shown in your boat model figure.

Clean the supports from sand and dirt so that they do not scratch the bottom of the hull. Check once more that the trailer hitch is properly locked!

The hoisting place should be sheltered and the slipway long enough. The trailer should be backed into the water until the rearmost keel support is just below water surface. Drive the boat's bow slowly against the rearmost keel support. Attach the winch wire rope to the towing eye and pull the boat onto the trailer while checking that the boat is aligned with the trailer centre line.

Tie the boat firmly down to the trailer before transportation. A safety rope at bow must be directed forward and downward. Aft movement shall be prevented by a line over the boat, as shown in your boat models figure. Do not leave any loose accessories or extra load in the boat

during transport.

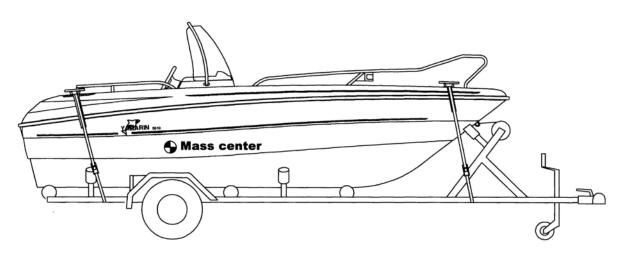
Remove seat cushions and close all hatches properly.

During transportation, the engine should be kept in driving position. Make sure, however, that there is sufficient ground clearance. If the ground clearance is too small, the engine can be tilted up during transport. In that case it must be supported in some way in order to protect the transom.

If boat is kept on trailer between transportations, lines must be loosen during storage and tighten before transportation.

NOTE! The trailer should be front-heavy. Check that the boat is tied to the trailer properly, and that the weight is distributed evenly between the side supports. A swaying boat hitting against a single support during transport may cause damage to the hull.

Before launching the boat from the trailer, remember to tie the mooring rope to the boat, so that you can untie the trailer wire rope from the towing eye as soon as the boat is on the water. Be careful with the winch handle!

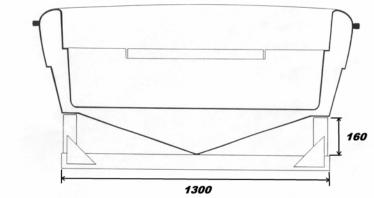


Fastening the boat onto the trailer

5.10.7 Docking

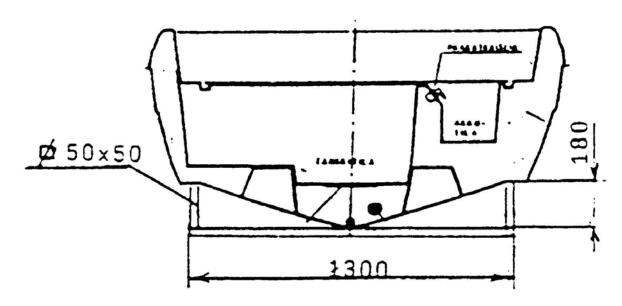
The storage cradle should be sufficiently steady and suitable for the boat's dimensions. The keel supports should carry most of the boat's weight. Point loads should be avoided. The length of the keel supports and the dimensions of side paws should be at least as shown in following figures.

YAMARIN 50 (65)



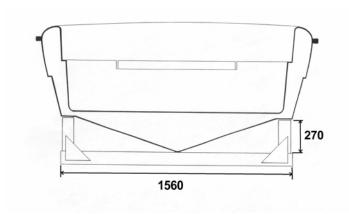
YAMARIN 42 Open S/ YAMARIN 42 Open L

Storage cradle dimensions.



YAMARIN 44 Side Console

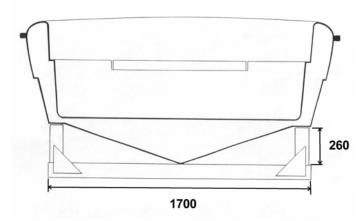
Storage cradle dimensions.



YAMARIN 46 Side Console

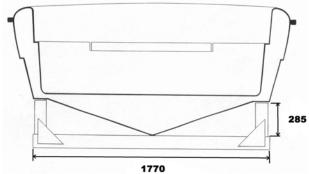
Storage cradle dimensions.

YAMARIN 51 (65)

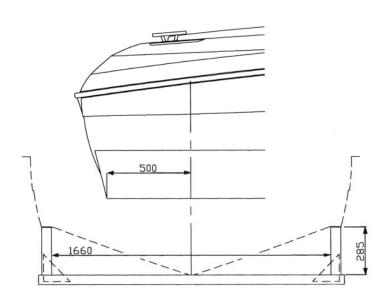


YAMARIN 47 Twin Console

Storage cradle dimensions.



YAMARIN 50 Side Console/ YAMARIN 50 S Side Console



YAMARIN 50 Twin Console

Storage cradle dimensions.

Only use reputable hoisting companies or boat yards with sufficient hoisting capacity. In addition to the boat's own weight, also take the accessories and other possible load in the boat into consideration.

When boat is lifted, lines should be located under the boat and during lifting boat must stay in level position.

NOTE! It's not allowed to lift boat from cleats.

6 Maintenance of boat and equipment

Keep your boat clean and tidy. It will add to your comfort and safety, as well as the resale value of the boat.

Familiarise yourself with the service procedures shown in the Owner's manual of the engine (see attachment). Perform the service items carefully, or let an accredited service company to do them. Other items requiring according to your boat model regular maintenance are:

- steering gear and engine controls
- fire extinguishers
- canopy

Perform the maintenance of items above according to their separate Owner's manuals (attached).

6.1 Washing and waxing the boat

Normally it is sufficient just to wash and wax the deck and sides. A special boat cleaning agent is best for washing. Do not use strong solvents as they may damage the gloss of the reinforced plastic surfaces. Mildly abrasive polishes can be used to remove chafings and embedded dirt. Fibreglass surfaces can be washed with a pressure washer.

Useful tip: when the boat has been washed using tap water, a thin chalk-like layer of lime and minerals will appear on its surface after it has dried. This results from the hardness of the water and can be eliminated by adding a few drops of tall oil soap solution into a bucket of rinsing water, which will soften it.

Useful tip: Water and lime stains on acid resistant rails disappear when you apply some Lemon Pled furniture spray on them. The rails start shining like on the shipyard's production line.

Useful tip: If the boat's ropes smell bad after winter storage, immerse them into a bucket of water and add a bottle of apple vinegar with some fabric softener. Drip dry over the night and they are like new.

6.2 Care instructions for seat cushions

In order that the boat's seat cushions remain in good condition they must be stored in a dry and well-ventilated space. Although they are made of water resistant material, their seams let water in. If the cushions remain damp for a lengthy time, they will grow mouldy and deteriorate. So always take the cushions inside for the night, if you want them to stay dry and in good condition. Front seats will remain dry if you remember to use protective bags on them. The warranty does not cover cushions spoilt by rain or dampness.

The press studs of the seat cushions should be sprayed with silicon spray every now and then. Otherwise they may become so tight that the fabric is torn in the attempt to open them. The warranty does not cover seat cushions that have been damaged.

Useful tip: Any mould spots on boat seats with imitation leather finish disappear when you wipe them clean with a lemon juice concentrate seasoned with a pinch of table salt. This gives the seats a fresh scent.

6.3 Care instructions for canopy

Store the canopy over the winter in a dry and well-ventilated place. The press studs of the canopy should be sprayed with silicon spray every now and then. Otherwise they may become so tight that the fabric is torn in the attempt to open them. The warranty does not cover a canopy that has been damaged.

6.4 Care instructions for windshield

The boat's windshield is made of acryl and it can be washed only with soap and water. Solvents must not be used for cleaning.

6.5 Care instructions for remote control

Normally the remote control needs no other maintenance than greasing and adjustment before winter storage. If it becomes stiff to operate, it needs immediate servicing.

6.6 Care instructions for steering system

- 1. Check the plastic cover of steering cable. If cover is damaged replace the cable.
- 2. Remove the steering cable from the tilt tube by uninstalling the link arm between the engine tiller arm and cable rod. Untighten the cable nut. Pull out the cable rod from the tilt tube. Clean the tilt tube and cable rod. Lubricate the tilt tube and the cable rod with quality marine grease. Install the steering cable rod into the tilt tube. Tighten the cable nut and install the link arm. Tighten the cable nut properly a loose nut will cause additional backlash.
- 3. Check that all parts in the steering system are fastened properly. If needed tighten the nuts and the screws.

6.7 Care instructions for electrical components

Best protection against oxidation of electrical components, like main switch, navigation light switch, connectors etc. is ensured by spraying them with moisture repellent antioxidant every now and then.

6.8 Minor superficial repairs

Minor damages in the gelcoat surface of the hull or deck can be repaired by yourself. However, a neat, unnoticeable repair needs skill:

- 1. Tape off the area around the repair.
- 2. Bevel the edges sloping into the repair area and clean with acetone.
- 3. Mix gelcoat with 1.5-2% hardener
- 4. fill the repair with more gelcoat than needed, so that its surface remains slightly above the surrounding area
- 5. carefully put a tape over the repair
- 6. after the gelcoat has hardened, remove the tape and sand the repair smooth as needed
- 7. buff the repair using abrasive paste

The colours used on this boat are given in *specifications*.

NOTE!

Certain post delivery installations may cause damage to the structure of the boat or impair safety if not performed correctly. Consult the dealer before you perform, for instance, new earthings, hatchees, holes etc., or have them made by somebody else.

7 Winter storage

Preparing boats for winter storage is an autumnal routine according to your location. Have your boat hoisted in good time before the water freezes. Your boat is not designed for use among ice and it is not meant to be used in below zero temperatures (for instance, its rain water draining system will freeze). In connection with winterisation, it is advisable to perform all maintenance, repair and inspection procedures.

Read maintenance instructions given in the engine manual. We recommend that you leave them to an authorised service operator. Do not forget to service the remote control and steering system. Make sure to perform their maintenance according to separate instructions and manuals.

7.1 Measures before winter storage

If frost is likely, drain the sea water cooling system of the engine according to its Owner's manual

Lift your YAMARIN out from water in good time before ice formation. Your craft is not dimensioned against sailing or storage in ice.

Before lifting out from water it is normally recommended to carry out the following::

- change engine oil, check isntructions from engine manufacturer's manual
- wash the craft
- empty bilge water and extra things from the craft. However, leave safety equipment, like fire extinguishers, still in the craft.

Wash the bottom of the boat immediately after the boat has been hoisted. Algae and slime will come off easier if they are not let to dry. Drain cooling water from the engine as instructed in the manual.

Perform winter service to the engine and other accessories following separate manuals. If your boat is stored outside or in a humid place during the winter, remove the textiles and other equipment that may corrode or become mouldy in moist conditions. Wash the ropes in fresh water. Replace ropes that are worn. Leave bushing valves open. Remove drain plug for the

winter.

The electrical instruments are best protected against oxidation and thieves by storing them indoors in a dry place during the winter. Remove batteries and store them in a warm, dry place. Charge them at least twice during the winter. Spray the electrical connectors with a suitable moisture repellent antioxidant.

Check the condition of the hull and rub down any dentings to let possible moisture inside the laminate dry up. Repair damages the next spring before launching the boat.

Cover your boat so that snow will not gather inside. Always make sure, however, that there is enough ventilation. Snow will not gather on the cover if the ridge angle is steep enough (at least 90). A suitable size for the cover is then depending on the shape of the support structure.

YAMARIN 42 Open S/ YAMARIN 42 Open L	6 x 4 m
YAMARIN 44 Side Console	6 x 4 m
YAMARIN 46 Side Console	6 x 4 m
YAMARIN 47 Twin Console	6 x 4 m
YAMARIN 50 Side Console/ YAMARIN 50 S Side Console	6 x 4 m
YAMARIN 50 Twin Console	6 x 4 m

NOTE!

The storage cover or fastening ropes must not touch the boat, rails or windshield directly because the gelcoat surface is damaged if they chafe against it.

7.2 Measures before launching

Repair or let to be repaired possible dents in gelcoat surface according to Chapter 6.8.

At sea areas an antifouling paint should be used. Fouling of the bottom and especially the propeller increases the fuel consumption remarkably. However, if the boat is stored at a river delta or brackish water, or it is lifted out of the water approximately every week, an antifouling paint is normally not needed. Follow carefully the instructions of the paint manufacturer when applying the antifouling. If you are sanding old antifouling paint, remember that the dust is still toxic.

At lake areas antifouling is not needed and not recommended.

CAUTION! Do not apply any paint to zinc anodes, log sensor or piston rods of hydraulic trim tabs. Do not apply paints including copper on aluminium parts, follow the instructions of the paint manufacturer.

Perform the necessary service procedures following the separate Owner's manuals of the engine. Remember to open the valve for cooling water. Check the function of electric equipment and remove possible oxidation from fuse connectors etc. Check that the plugs of air tanks are attached.

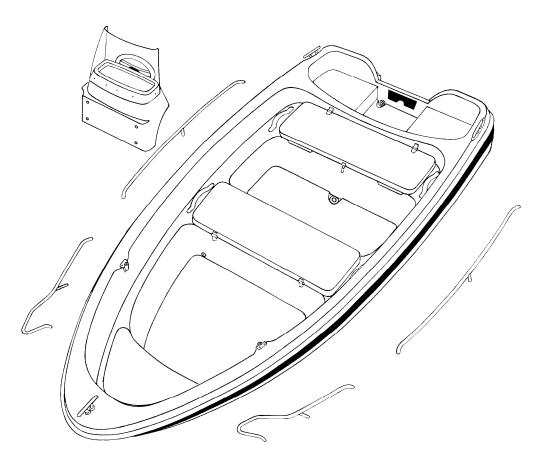
Remember that gasoline turns stale in time. Always use fresh fuel when you start the engine for the first time after winter storage.

After launching open all seacocks and check that there is no leakage in hoses or connections. The location of through-hull fittings is shown in Chapter 5. Take the safety equipments on board before leaving the quay.

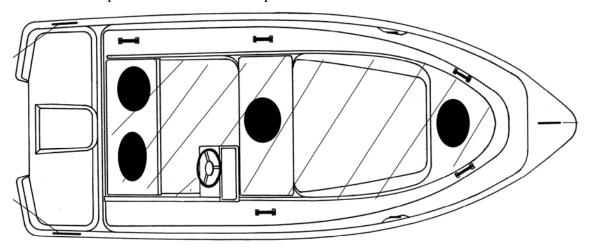
YAMARIN 57 (65)

8 Lay-out

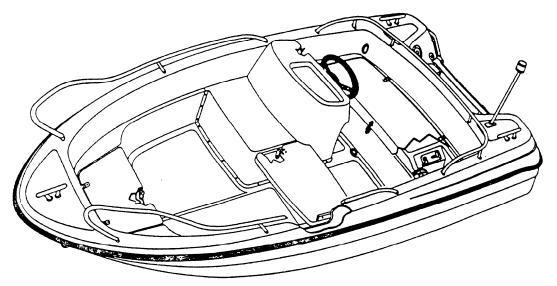
8.1 General arrangement



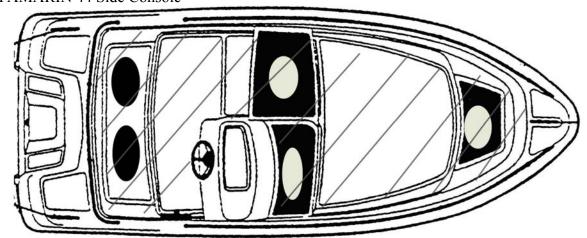
YAMARIN 42 Open S/ YAMARIN 42 Open L



YAMARIN 42 Open S/ YAMARIN 42 Open L number of persons and working decks

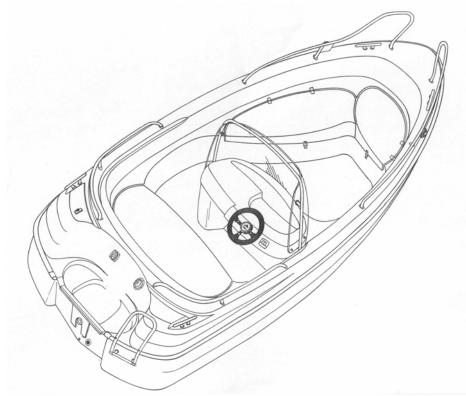


YAMARIN 44 Side Console

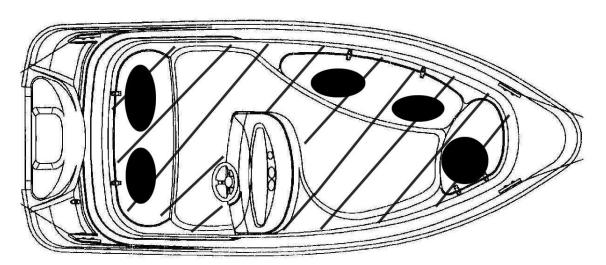


YAMARIN 44 Side Console persons and working decks

Seats for the maximum recommended number of

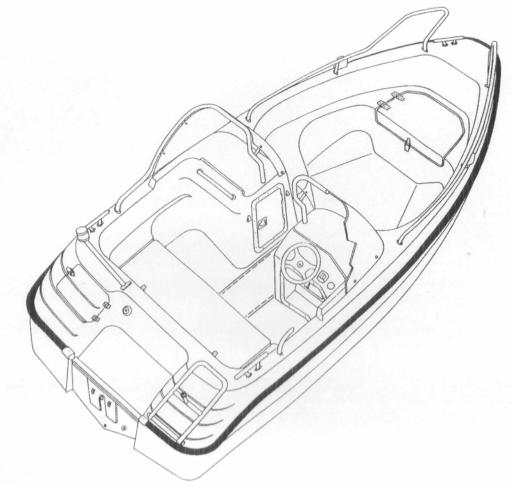


YAMARIN 46 Side Console

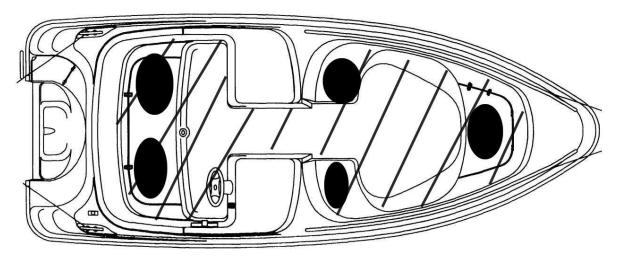


YAMARIN 46 Side Console persons and working decks

Seats for the maximum recommended number of

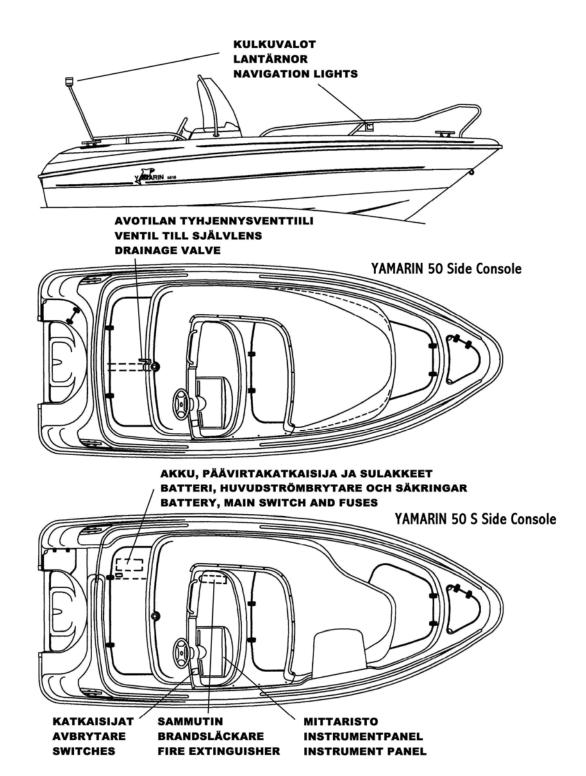


YAMARIN 47 Twin Console

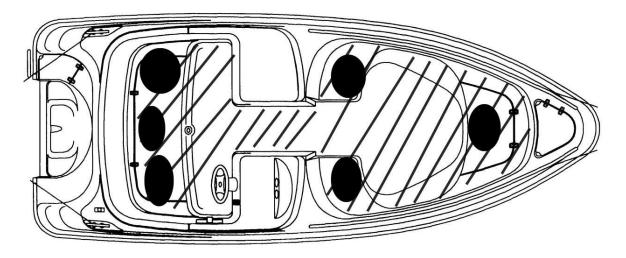


YAMARIN 47 Twin Console persons and working decks

Seats for the maximum recommended number of

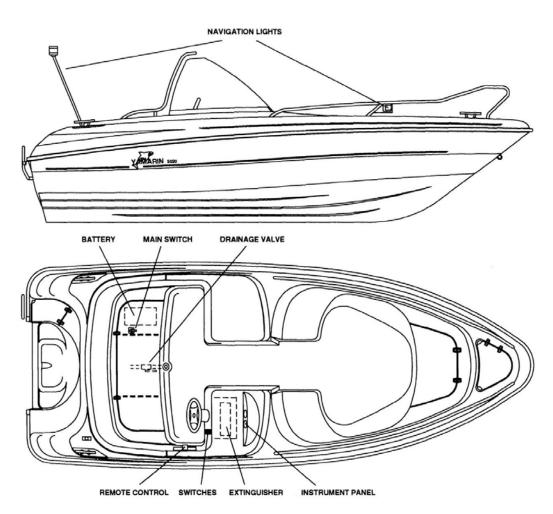


YAMARIN 50 Side Console/ YAMARIN 50 S Side Console



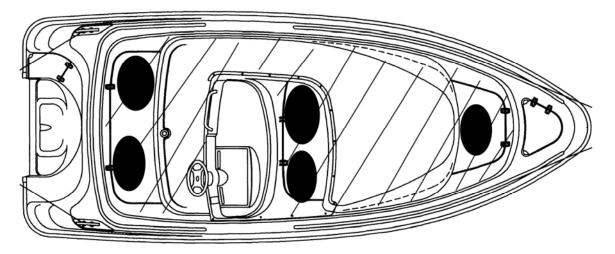
YAMARIN 50 Side Console/ YAMARIN 50 S Side Console recommended number of persons and working decks

Seats for the maximum



YAMARIN 50 Twin Console

YAMARIN 63 (65)



YAMARIN 50 Twin Console persons and working decks

Seats for the maximum recommended number of

WARNING!

Be careful when you open hatches in the boat so you don't injure your fingers or toes. Be especially careful with the anchor box hatches equipped with elastic strap.

8.2 Fuel system

SEPARATE TANKS

Smaller YAMARIN boats use separate fuel tanks, which are normally delivered together with the outboard engine. The YAMARIN -boats has compartments for two separate tanks. In general the fuel hose connections are by bayonet joints, so that the separate tank is quite easy to disconnect and refill at a service station while the boat remains in water (see chapter about refuelling).

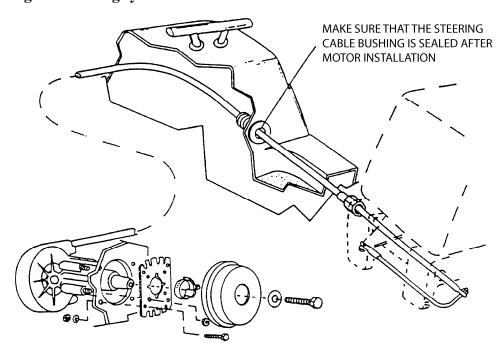
Separate fuel tanks also normally include a fuel meter and a breather valve, which should also be opened at least when the engine is running in order to let out excessive pressure from the tank and to aid duel intake.

8.3 Steering system

A steering wheel is required in all boats with an engine power of over 15 kW (20hp/NBS). All Yamarin boats in this size category feature a steering kit with cables as standard equipment. The steering cables delivered as standard equipment are suited for a steering guide system of engine.

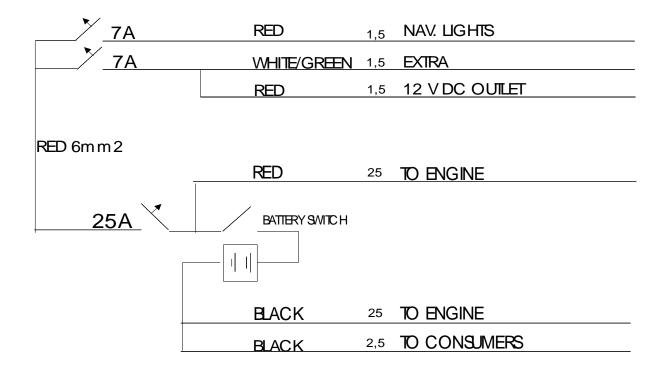
WARNING! Both steering wheel and steering system must meet the requirements of the CE standards. This is made sure by using original Yamarin spare parts.

Figure. Steering system



8.4 Wiring diagram

CIRCUIT BREAKER SWITCH CABLE SIZE FUNCTION N:O AMP N:O/COLOR mm2



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YAMARIN 44 Side Console, 46 Side Console, 47 Twin Console, 50 Side Console, 50 Side Console & 50 Twin Console